

A project of the European Anti-Cybercrime Technology Development Association (EACTDA)



D1.9 First report on Ethical, legal, privacy, and social impact activities





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1. Introduction

1.1. Main objective of this document

The main objective of this document is to update on the activities conducted in relation to the ethical, legal, privacy, and social impact matters of the Tools4LEAs project until June 2022.

1.2. Relation to other deliverables

This deliverable is closely related to the following deliverables:

• **D1.8 Ethical, legal, privacy, and social impact handbook**: This deliverable reports on the project ethical, legal, privacy, and social impact activities conducted until June 2022, which are directly related to the handbook presented in D1.8.

1.3. Structure of the deliverable

Section 2 presents a summary of the originally planned activities and the real/actual activities that have taken place until June 2022.

- Section 2.1 presents the latest version of the Data Management Plan.
- Section 2.2 presents the plan vs real of the Data Protection Impact Assessment activities.
- Section 2.3 presents the plan vs real of the Social Impact Assessment activities.
- Section 2.4 presents the plan vs real of the Ethics Assessment activities.
- Section 2.5 presents the other Ethical, Legal, Privacy, and Social Impact unplanned activities.

Then, section 3 summarises which is the goal and key aspects of this document, it acknowledges that there is still work to be done to improve the document, and it presents some of the areas of future work that have already been identified.





2. Plan versus Real

Below we summarise the originally planned data management, ethical, legal, privacy, and social impact activities versus the real/actual activities that have taken place in the Tools4LEAs project until June 2022.

2.1. Data Management Plan

Deliverable "D1.8 SELP management Handbook" presented an initial version of the Tools4LEAs' Data Management Plan (DMP). In this deliverable we will copy & paste the text of the DMP as is from deliverable D1.8 and we will add an update in each of the sections of the DMP.

To ease the identification of the new content provided in this deliverable, the update will be marked with blue font colour and tagged with a [D1.9 UPDATE] mark.

Also note that the numbering of the sections has changed, as in deliverable D1.8 the Data Management Plan section was numbered "2", whilst in this deliverable it is numbered "2.1", and therefore, all the subsections have been adjusted accordingly in this deliverable.

2.1.1. Data Summary

2.1.1.1. What is the purpose of the data collection/generation and its relation to the objectives of the project?

During the project, it will be necessary to collect/generate data for software development of artificial intelligence (AI)-based tools/components. This data will be used for training new AI models and/or for evaluating the tools/components developed.

Also, during the course of the project demonstration and evaluation events will be organized. During these events, information about the professional background and/or the expertise of the participants in the events might be required.

[D1.9 UPDATE]

With regard to data needed for the new tool development projects, the table below summarises the work done during the setup phase of the Tools4LEAs project that goes from the start of the project until month 12 (June 2022):

| ID | Project | Data collected / generated | Purpose of the data | | |
|-------|----------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| DS001 | PROJ0001 | Several videos were downloaded | Testing and evaluating the | | |
| | | from YouTube and/or MetaTube | tool | | |
| DS002 | PROJ0002 | Several videos were downloaded | Testing and evaluating the | | |
| | | from YouTube | tool | | |
| DS003 | PROJ0005 | No data was collected or generated | N/A | | |





| DS004 | PROJ0006 | Graphsense tagpack dataset will be | To generalize learning to |
|-------|----------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | extended ¹ | other bitcoin-related |
| | | | blockchains. |

With regard to data collected or generated during the course of project demonstration and evaluation events, EACTDA Secretariat takes care of the travel and subsistence for the invited attendees. The Travel Information form that is requested the invited attendees to fill-in, includes personal data (name, email, telephone/mobile, home address, data of birth, passport number, nationality). This data is sent by the invited person to EACTDA's financial manager via secure channels (encrypted form using PGP or secured online repository), accessible only to EACTDA Secretariat staff that is responsible for organising the event. This data will be removed no later than 6 months after the event takes place, and once all the travel arrangements have been completed and paid.

This data collected or generated during the course of the demonstration and evaluation events is coded "**DS005**".

2.1.1.2. What types and formats of data will the project generate/collect?

For the most part of it, this information is not known yet, as it will depend on the scope of the new software tools/components that the project ends-up deciding to undertake, and as of September 2021 this information is not available yet. Deliverables D1.9 and D1.10, due months 12 and 24 respectively, will include this information.

The project will generate and collect administration data such as contact details of participants to the six-monthly demonstration and evaluation events or to other workshops or meetings, or data collected from expert and project participants via interviews, surveys, etc. It is not expected to collect large amounts of this type of administrative data.

[D1.9 UPDATE]

See D1.9 update of section 2.1.1.1.

2.1.1.3. Will you re-use any existing data and how?

Yes, publicly available scientific/research datasets² will be re-used as necessary during the course of the project. In most cases, this type of datasets will be used to evaluate the results of the new software tools/components developed during the project.

[D1.9 UPDATE]

Yes, see D1.9 update of section 2.1.1.1 in what relates to DS001 and DS002.

² E.g., CIFAR-10 or Cityscapes for computer vision, Enron dataset or SMS Spam collection for natural language processing.



^{1 &}lt;a href="https://github.com/graphsense/graphsense-tagpacks">https://github.com/graphsense/graphsense-tagpacks



2.1.1.4. What is the origin of the data?

See response to sub-section 2.1.1.2.

[D1.9 UPDATE]

See D1.9 update of section 2.1.1.1.

2.1.1.5. What is the expected size of the data?

See response to sub-section 2.1.1.2.

[D1.9 UPDATE]

With regard to data needed for the new tool development projects:

| ID | Data collected / generated | Purpose of the data | Expected size | | |
|-------|---|---------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| DS001 | Several videos were downloaded from YouTube | Testing and evaluating the tool | 20-30 videos | | |
| | and/or MetaTube | | | | |
| DS002 | Several videos were | Testing and evaluating the | 20-30 videos | | |
| | downloaded from YouTube | tool | | | |
| DS003 | No data was collected or | N/A | N/A | | |
| | generated | | | | |
| DS004 | Graphsense tagpack dataset | To generalize learning to | No more than 3,000 | | |
| | will be extended ³ | other bitcoin-related | transactions | | |
| | | blockchains. | | | |

And with regard to data collected or generated during the course of project demonstration and evaluation events, the total number of travel forms collected will be around 20-30.

2.1.1.6. To whom might it be useful ('data utility')?

To the developers of the new tools and to the testers and end-users testing and evaluating those tools.

[D1.9 UPDATE]

With regard to utility of the data needed for the new tool development projects:

| ID | Data collected / generated | Purpose of the data | Utility |
|-------|------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| DS001 | Several videos were | Testing and evaluating the | Testers and end- |
| | downloaded from YouTube tool | | users evaluating the |
| | and/or MetaTube | | tool |

^{3 &}lt;a href="https://github.com/graphsense/graphsense-tagpacks">https://github.com/graphsense/graphsense-tagpacks





| DS002 | Several videos were downloaded from YouTube | Testing and evaluating the tool | Testers and end- users evaluating the tool |
|-------|--|--|---|
| DS003 | No data was collected or generated | N/A | N/A |
| DS004 | Graphsense tagpack dataset will be extended ⁴ | To generalize learning to other bitcoin-related blockchains. | Developers, Testers and end-users evaluating the tool |

And with regard to the utility of the data collected or generated during the course of project demonstration and evaluation events, it is needed by EACTDA Secretariat to buy flight tickets, book hotel rooms, and in general to take care of the travel and subsistence aspects of the event.

2.1.2. Making data findable

2.1.2.1. Are the data produced and/or used in the project discoverable with metadata, identifiable and locatable by means of a standard identification mechanism (e.g., persistent and unique identifiers such as Digital Object Identifiers)?

When possible, Digital Object Identifiers will be used/generated and published.

[D1.9 UPDATE]

As of the time of publication of deliverable D1.9, no data has been made findable using Digital Object Identifiers (DOI). However, DataCite Fabrica⁵ has been pre-chosen as the official registration agency via which EACTDA and Tools4LEAs will request DOIs for the data that decides to publish.

2.1.2.2. What naming conventions do you follow?

General Guidelines

- Include a text file, often called a readme, in your file directory that describes the naming conventions you are using. This information will be helpful for individuals who are new to the project.
- Use descriptive file names that are meaningful to you and your colleagues. This might include the project name, subject, or acronym.
- Keep file names relatively short (no more than 25 characters when possible).

4 https://github.com/graphsense/graphsense-tagpacks

5 https://doi.datacite.org/





- Include dates in your filename, which can help with sorting different versions of your file. Recommended format: yyyymmdd.
- Use a sequential numbering system to keep track of different versions or revisions to a file. For example, try with leading 0's. (rehab01 instead of rehab1)
- Use hyphens, underscores, or camelCase instead of spaces.

Things to Avoid

- Spaces within your files; not all software recognizes spaces within file names.
- Special characters in your file names such as: "/\: * ? " <> [] & \$. These characters have specific meanings for various operating systems and could result in your files being deleted or misplaced.
- Long or wordy names that may not have meaning to you and other researchers on your team.

Recommended naming convention:

• [project-name]_[date (if/when applicable)]_[filename]_[version].[filetype]

Example:

Tools4LEAs_20210827_D1.8_v0.2.docx

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.2.3. Will search keywords be provided that optimize possibilities for re-use?

Yes

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.2.4. Do you provide clear version numbers?

Yes. The convention will be as follows:

vx.y (e.g., v1.2)

"x" will be used for approved versions of the document/file.

"y" will be used for draft versions when "x" is "0" or for minor changes/updates if "x" is higher than "0".

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.2.5. What metadata will be created? In case metadata standards do not exist in your discipline, please outline what type of metadata will be created and how.

This will depend on the type of data. See response to sub-section 2.1.1.2.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.





2.1.3. Making data accessible

2.1.3.1. Which data produced and/or used in the project will be made openly available as the default?

Whenever possible (when there are no restrictions), the data will be made openly available. However, this will depend on the type of data. See response to sub-section 2.1.1.2.

[D1.9 UPDATE]

It is expected that data, if there are no security sensitive matters, collected and/or generated to test and/or evaluate the new developed tools will be made available (e.g., DS001 and DS002 will most likely be made available if the End-User Advisory Board of the Tools4LEAs project does not object and no ethical, data protection, privacy, or social impact considerations do not prevent from doing so).

2.1.3.2. How will the data be made accessible (e.g. by deposition in a repository)?

Data will be made accessible by deposition in a repository. When looking for a repository for data, firstly it will be checked whether there is a thematic/community database where the data could be archived. Irrespective of the repository chosen, it will be checked whether it is sustainable in the longer term, the data is stored in a safe way, the data will remain findable, accessible and re-usable. Also, it will be checked if the repository describes the data in a standard way and uses accepted metadata standards and that it allows the Tools4LEAs project to specify a license governing access and re-usability of the data.

Well-known repositories such as Zenodo, Github, or Open Science Framework will be the first ones to be considered for deposition of data.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.3.3. What methods or software tools are needed to access the data?

This will depend on the repositories finally chosen to deposit the data, though simple and easy-to-access methods such as web browsers and/or ftp will be prioritized.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.3.4. Is documentation about the software needed to access the data included?

This will depend on the repositories finally chosen to deposit the data.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.3.5. Is it possible to include the relevant software (e.g. in open source code)?

This will depend on the Intellectual Property Rights of the software.





[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.3.6. Where will the data and associated metadata, documentation and code be deposited?

Data and the associated metadata, documentation and code will be deposited at EACTDA's repository. Access to it will be restricted to authorised users only.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.3.7. Have you explored appropriate arrangements with the identified repository?

Yes. The repository will be owned and managed by EACTDA.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.3.8. If there are restrictions on use, how will access be provided?

EACTDA will determine the access levels restrictions and it will provide access to the data.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.3.9. Is there a need for a data access committee?

Yes. EACTDA Secretariat, following the instructions of the End-User Advisory Board of the Toosl4LEAs project will determine the access rights to the repository and to the data stored in it.

[D1.9 UPDATE] xxxxx TO BE COMPLETED

2.1.3.10. Are there well described conditions for access (i.e. a machine readable license)?

Not yet, though this will be considered for future enhancements of EACTDA repository.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.3.11. How will the identity of the person accessing the data be ascertained?

This has not been decided yet, though at minimum a user+password mechanisms will be implemented, and, if possible, a two factor authentication method yet to be decided will also be used.

[D1.9 UPDATE]

EACTDA repository has been implemented. It includes authorisation policies, and authentication and access control mechanisms that ensure that the policies are followed. As





of the time of publishing deliverable D1.9, the repository can only be accessed by authorised users that have previously authenticated themselves using credentials, a two-factor method, and that have done it via a Virtual Private Network (VPN).

2.1.4. Making data interoperable

2.1.4.1. Are the data produced in the project interoperable, that is allowing data exchange and re-use between researchers, institutions, organisations, countries, etc. (i.e. adhering to standards for formats, as much as possible compliant with available (open) software applications, and in particular facilitating re-combinations with different datasets from different origins)?

The Tools4LEAs project will observe OpenAIRE guidelines for online interoperability, including OpenAIRE Guidelines for Literature Repositories, OpenAIRE Guidelines for Data Archives, OpenAIRE Guidelines for CRIS Managers based on CERIF-XML. These guidelines can be found at: https://guidelines.openaire.eu/en/latest/.

Partners will also ensure that BLAZE data observes FAIR data principles under H2020 open-access policy:

http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/data/ref/h2020/grants_manual/hi/oa_pilot/h2020-hi-oadatamgt_en.pdf

In order to ensure the interoperability, all datasets will use the same standards for data and metadata capture/creation.

As the project progresses and data is identified and collected, making it as interoperable as possible will be a primary objective. In specific, an effort will be done to ensure the use of data and metadata vocabularies, standards or methodology to follow to facilitate interoperability.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.4.2. What data and metadata vocabularies, standards or methodologies will you follow to make your data interoperable?

At present, it has not been decided to use any data and metadata vocabularies, standards or methodologies specific to the security field.

However, initiatives such as the ontology developed in the scope of H2020 projects like MAGNETO or PREVISION, the Universal Message Format (UMF) promoted by Europol, and Cyber-investigation Analysis Standard Expression (CASE) standard are being monitored and considered for future use.

In a more general perspective the "DCAT application profile for European data portals" (DCAT-AP), developed in the framework of the EU ISA Programme will be used when/as appropriate. The European Data Portal is implementing the DCAT-AP as the common vocabulary for harmonising descriptions of datasets harvested from several data portals of 34 countries. The DCAT-AP specification is available at: https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/asset/dcat_application_profile/.





[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.4.3. Will you be using standard vocabularies for all data types present in your data set, to allow inter-disciplinary interoperability?

Using standard vocabularies will be done as much as possible, but it cannot guarantee that it will be done for all data types, as it is still not known at present the details of all the data sets that will be used.

[D1.9 UPDATE]

As of the date of publication of delivarable D1.9, Graphsense Tagpack standard has been used for DS004.

2.1.4.4. In case it is unavoidable that you use uncommon or generate project specific ontologies or vocabularies, will you provide mappings to more commonly used ontologies?

Yes.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

- 2.1.5. Increase data reuse
- 2.1.5.1. How will the data be licensed to permit the widest re-use possible?

When no security, confidentiality, or IPR issues are expected, the data will be licensed unrestricted.

When restrictions apply, it will be considered whether it is possible to produce and license with no restrictions samples of aggregated data.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.5.2. When will the data be made available for re-use?

No embargos are foreseen, so in principle data with no restrictions will be made available for re-use as soon as it is possible.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.





2.1.5.3. Are the data produced and/or used in the project useable by third parties, in particular after the end of the project?

Data will be made available to third parties in accordance to the licensing conditions described in 2.1.5.1.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.5.4. How long is it intended that the data remains re-usable?

No time limit has been foreseen for making data re-usable, and the time that the data itself will remain re-usable will depend on the specific characteristics of each dataset, as some might expire sooner than others.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.5.5. Are data quality assurance processes described?

Data quality assurance is the process of identification and elimination of any data anomalies via the processes of data profiling and cleansing.

Good data quality requires disciplined data governance, rigorous management of incoming data, accurate requirement gathering, thorough regression testing for change management and careful design of data pipelines, in addition to data quality control programs for the data delivered both externally and internally. For all quality problems, it is much easier and less costly to prevent the data issue from happening in the first place, rather than relying on defending systems and ad hoc fixes to deal with data quality problems.

The process to ensure data quality assurance in the project is described as follows:

- 1. Rigorous data profiling and control of incoming data.
- 2. Careful data pipeline design to avoid duplicate data.
- 3. Accurate gathering of data requirements.
- 4. Enforcement of data integrity.
- 5. Integration of data lineage traceability into the data pipelines.
- 6. Automated regression testing as part of change management.
- 7. Capable data quality control teams.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.6. Data security

2.1.6.1. What provisions are in place for data security (including data recovery as well as secure storage and transfer of sensitive data)?

From a security perspective, sensitive data is data that must be protected against unwanted disclosure, regardless of it being personal sensitive data or any other type of data (e.g., confidential data or classified information). In this sense, access to sensitive data should be safeguarded.





Protection of sensitive data may be required for legal or ethical reasons, for issues pertaining to personal privacy, or for proprietary considerations.

Examples of sensitive data are:

- **Personal data**: identifiers such as names or identification numbers, physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social characteristics, it also includes location data from GPS or mobile phones. Sensitive personal data according to GDPR is data that reveals racial or ethical origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical believes, trade union membership, biometric data, health data and sex life data (art 9(1) of GDPR). This type of sensitive personal data requires special protection and therefore has special regulation for processing.
- **Confidential data**: trade secrets, investigations, data protected by intellectual property rights Security: passwords, financial information, national safety, military information...
- Combination of different datasets that can be combined into sensitive or personal data.
- **Biological data**: endangered (plant or animal) species, where their survival is dependent on the protection of their location data (biodiversity community.
- Personal and sensitive metadata

It is important to take into account that, when handling and dealing with sensitive data, special attention must be given to collecting, processing, handling and storing data.

In the Tools4LEAs project, all the data identified as sensitive will be encrypted using PGP, and only those people with the need-to-access the data will be granted access during the period in which they have the aforementioned need-to-access the data.

[D1.9 UPDATE]

Personal data collected in relation to the travel and subsistence arrangements (DS005) is encrypted using PGP and stored in an online repository accessible only to those EACTDA Secretariat staff that participate in those activities.

Confidential data (such as IPR related or end-user needs and requirements) is stored in an online repository accessible only to those with the need to access/know. When in motion, this data is encrypted using in most cases PGP.

2.1.6.2. Is the data safely stored in certified repositories for long term preservation and curation?

Yes. Depending on the nature of the dataset, it might be stored in different repositories.

The Tools4LEAs project will have its own tools (and data) repository, which will be used for data that is restricted to authorised people, normally for the data that has certain security, confidential, or IPR related restrictions.

For any other data that does not have restrictions, domain-specific or general-purpose repositories will be used, depending again on the nature of the data at hand.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.





- 2.1.7. Ethical aspects
- 2.1.7.1. Are there any ethical or legal issues that can have an impact on data sharing?

These can also be discussed in the context of the ethics review. If relevant, include references to ethics deliverables and ethics chapter in the Description of the Action (DoA).

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

2.1.7.2. Is informed consent for data sharing and long-term preservation included in questionnaires dealing with personal data?

Yes. Please find the version of Informed consent that was used by EACTDA for the June Demonstration & Evaluation Event and Tools4LEAs End User Advisory Board meeting in Annex I.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.

- 2.1.8. Other issues
- 2.1.8.1. Do you make use of other national/funder/sectorial/departmental procedures for data management? If yes, which ones?

No.

[D1.9 UPDATE] There are no news on this matter.





2.2. Data Protection Impact Assessments

| Plan | | | | Real | | | | | | Statu | ıs |
|----------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|---------------|--------------|---------|-------|-----------|
| What | Who | When | How | What | | Who | When | How | | | |
| DPIA evaluation | Authors of | Undefined | Undefined | DPIA | evaluation | Authors of | June'22 | See | the | In | progress; |
| procedure prepared | this | | | procedure | prepared | this | | description | | not | fully |
| | document | | | | | document | | bellow | | imple | emented |
| | | | | | | | | | | yet | |
| DPIA template | Authors of | Undefined | Undefined | DPIA | template | Authors of | No later than | EACTDA | team | In | progress; |
| reviewed and updated | this | | | reviewed. | No updates | this | Oct'22 | (included | L3CE | not | fully |
| (if necessary) | document | | | made. | | document | | seconded | | imple | emented |
| | | | | | | | | personnel) | | yet | |
| | | | | | | | | drafting | the | | |
| | | | | | | | | template, | and | | |
| | | | | | | | | then valida | ting it | | |
| | | | | | | | | or m | aking | | |
| | | | | | | | | improveme | ents | | |
| | | | | | | | | as per the r | eview | | |
| | | | | | | | | and com | nents | | |
| | | | | | | | | of the | ELSA | | |
| | | | | | | | | committee | 1 | | |

The DPIA evaluation procedure for the Tools4LEAs project has been defined as follows. Firstly, the GDPR requires to conduct DPIA in case of:

- 1. a systematic and extensive evaluation of personal aspects relating to natural persons which is based on automated processing, including profiling, and on which decisions are based that produce legal effects concerning the natural person or similarly significantly affect the natural person;
- 2. processing on a large scale of special categories of data referred to in Article 9(1) of GDPR, or of personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences referred to in Article 10 of GDPR; or
- 3. a systematic monitoring of a publicly accessible area on a large scale.



When the technology is developed or improved within the Tools4LEAs project the DMPs should be the primary source to evaluate if the DPIA is required under GDPR. The analyses of DMPs should be conducted under task 1.5. A working group of at least 2 people should be created to evaluate the DMPs. While evaluating the DMPs the working group can consult the technology developer, other team members, external experts or ELSA committee.

In case the DPIA is required in accordance of GDPR, it should be conducted jointly by above mentioned working group and the technology developer. The template of DPIA presented in D 1.8 and updated (if necessary) should be used for DPIA evaluation. While conducting DPIA the working group can consult other team members, external experts or ELSA committee.

The results of DPIA and recommendations made as ant outcome of DPIA should be presented to EACTDA secretariat (quarterly) and ELSA committee during it's meetings.



2.3. Social Impact Assessments

| Plan | | | | Real | | | | | Status | |
|------------|----------|------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|---------|------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----|
| What | | Who | When | How | What | | Who | When | How | |
| Social | impact | Authors of | Undefined | Undefined | Social | impact | Authors of | No later than | ELSA Committee | WIP |
| assessment | template | this | | | assessment te | emplate | this | Oct'22 | to revise the | |
| prepared | | document | | | prepared | | document | | assessment | |
| | | | | | | | | | template | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |



2.4. Ethics Assessments

| Plan | | | | Real | | | | Status |
|-------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|------------|--------|-------------------------|-------------|
| What | Who | When | How | What | Who | When | How | |
| Ethic assessment | Authors of | Undefined | Undefined | Ethic assessment | Authors of | Jun'22 | Relate | First draft |
| template prepared | this | | | template | this | | assertions/questions to | version |
| | document | | | | document | | different target groups | available; |
| | | | | | | | • ELSA Committee to | find it in |
| | | | | | | | revise the assessment | ANNEX II; |
| | | | | | | | template | pending the |
| | | | | | | | | review by |
| | | | | | | | | the ELSA |
| | | | | | | | | committee |



3. Summary

3.1. Conclusion

Deliverable D1.9 reports on all the ethical, legal, privacy and social impact activities conducted until June 2022.

3.2. Evaluation

Though significant progress has been made in multiple aspects, there are still important aspects for which there is a delay (e.g., the setting up of the ELSA committee). During the rest of the project an effort is going to be made to mitigate this delay.

3.3. Future work

During the rest of the project, until June 2023, these types of activities will continue, and deliverable D1.10 will report all of them.

As part of the remaining work, the most remarkable thing is probably to complete the composition and launching of the ELSA committee.





ANNEX I – Inform Consent

INFORMED CONSENT FORM (sample from EACTDA event)

Event(s): Tools4LEAs Demonstration and Evaluation event & End-User Advisory Board

meeting

Location: Donostia – San Sebastian (Spain)

Date(s): 2022-06-27 & 2022-06-28

Purpose: The main purposes of the two events are as follows. For the Tools4LEAs

Demonstration and Evaluation event: to present and demonstrate the tools, developed during Phase 1 of the Tools4LEAs project, so that the attendees provide their expert evaluation about them. And for the End-User Advisory Board meeting, the purpose is to discuss about the end-user needs list, to discuss the new items added to the bottom-up list of pre-existing tools/assets, and to finalise an end-user list

prioritisation exercise.

I declare that my participation in this event is voluntary. I have been informed that I can choose not to participate or to leave the event at any point without any negative consequences.

By participating in this event, I confirm that:

- I am 18 years or older and competent to provide consent.
- I have read the information about this event and this informed consent procedure.
- I have been fully informed about the aims and purposes of the Tools4LEAs project; more information can be found at tools4leas.eactda.eu or requested at info@eactda.eu.
- I have been given the opportunity to ask questions regarding the purpose of the event.
- I agree that my data collected in the event can be used for scientific and research purposes and that I have no objection that my data is published in project-related dissemination and/or communication materials in a way that does not reveal my identity.
- I agree that I may be included in some photos and/or electronic media images, taken at this
 event. I am aware that this material may be used for the purpose of disseminating and
 communicating the project activities, for example in publications or in EACTDA's and/or the
 Tools4LEAs project's official social media platforms.

Information may be shared between any of the other team members participating in this project in an anonymous form. I have been informed that all the information I give will be treated as confidential.

This consent form is made pursuant to the relevant national, European, and international data protection laws and regulations and personal data treatment obligations. Specifically, this consent document complies with the EU General Data Protection Regulation (2016/679) on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data.

NAME:



| Tools4LEAs U | |
|----------------|--|
| SIGNATURE: | |
| DATE: | |



ANNEX II – Ethics Assessment Template

If deemed appropriate, during the course of the Tools4LEAs project ethics assessments might be conducted to ensure that the project complies with the ethical principles described in section "5Ethics Assessments". To facilitate those assessments, the following guidelines/template is proposed.

1) Context

Provide information about the Tools4LEAs project and the specific work being assessed to set the scene. Such information should include: funding, motivation, expected scientific outcomes, study design, methods used, reasons for this particular project being important, etc.

The Tools4LEAs project is establishing a framework that allows delivering on a regular basis new tools or new versions of tools with no license costs, access to source code and documentation, necessary for the installation and use of the tools developed, and that effectively help European public security practitioners at their work fighting cybercrime.

The project organises EUAB meetings to collect, analyse and prioritise end user needs, and demonstration and evaluation events. Relevant stakeholders, including members of EACTDA, members of EACTDA, Tools4LEAS EUAB members and other invited external experts participate in these activities. The name, affiliation, and contact information of these persons are collected. The project fully respects the international, EU and national legal framework on privacy and data protection. In particular, compliance with the General Data Protection Regulation are taken into account. Participation in the aforementioned activities is always on a voluntary basis. The potential participants receive sufficient written information on the research project in order to be able to make a choice of whether or not to participate. They are informed:

- On the right as to which of one's data are processed, by whom and for what purposes.
- That they can withdraw their participation in the study at any time without negative consequences.

The potential participants are asked for their informed written consent in a clear procedure (see Annex I). When appropriate/necessary, data extraction renders the data irreversible anonymous.

See also 2.1.1.1. (What is the purpose of the data collection/generation and its relation to the objectives of the project?) for detailed information.

2) Overall Ethical Issues

Describe the ethical issues raised by the objectives of the Tools4LEAs project, its respective results or findings and the potential consequences of your research outcomes. Provide details about how the identified overall ethical issues will be addressed.

See 2.1. Data Management Plan and especially 2.1.1.1. for ethical issues, raised by the objectives of the Tools4LEAs project and 2.1.6. for how the identified overall ethical issues will be addressed.

3) Participants





Provide details about how you will be recruiting participants (inclusion/exclusion criteria, sites of recruitment, process...) and how informed consent (procedure for informing people, choices offered...) will be obtained. See "ANNEX I – Informed consent form template" for further details.

EACTDA and the Tools4LEAs project follow some internal documents and rules to describe in details procedures of becoming an EACTDA member (see <u>EACTDA Internal-Rules-Proposal Part-I (Membership-Governance-Financial)</u>, hiring new secretariat members (see <u>EACTDA Internal-Rules-Proposal Part-III (Code-of-Conduct)) and the Tools4LEAs EUAB TOR for the composition of the project End Users Advisory Board.</u>

When inviting participants to events, organised by EACTDA and the project Tools4LEAs, different criteria is considered: objectives and scope of the event, profile of the invitees etc. "Informed consent form" must be signed by all participants.

An ELSA Committee with external experts is in the process of establishing.

4) Risks and Benefits to Stakeholders

Go through the list of all directly involved or indirectly affected groups of people discussing what the potential risks to them are (e.g., social, physical, psychological, financial...) and how they might benefit (e.g., reward, self-esteem, new skills, fun).

The main aim of the Ethics Assessment Template is to establish potential risks of different target groups. The ELSA Committee's task will be to react to those potential risks and evaluate the assessments.

5) Data Collection and Privacy

Explain in detail which data you will be collecting, how you collect it, how it will be stored and secured and what measures will be taken to protect the privacy of people involved.

See 2.1. Data Management Plan.

6) Legal Boundaries and Guiding Documents

What relevant ethical and legal documents apply to the proposed research and/or what ethical guidance documents will be relied on? In which ways will these documents apply?

The below mentioned documents apply to the implementation of the Tools4LEAs project in order to provide clarification and support with ethical guidance, clarify processes, terminology, share use cases and templates:

Ethics and data protection

Identifying serious and complex ethics issues in EU-funded research

General Data Protection Regulation

EU Charter of Fundamental Rights





Ethics guidelines for trustworthy AI

7) Ethics Monitoring

Explain which structures or procedures you have in place to monitor ethics and to be able to react to ethical issues that were not foreseen in this document.

An ethics assessment template will be prepared for EACTDA staff members, new tool development projects coordinators/participants and other project stakeholders. The objective of the ethics assessment template is to monitor ethics through project implementation. ELSA Committee has been established and one of the objectives is to react to ethical issues and to evaluate the results of ethics assessments.

8) Conflict Resolution

What are the potential conflicts that may arise in the research (e.g., between stakeholders and researchers) and how are they to be solved?

Potential conflicts will be reported to and solved by the ELSA Committee, and they will also be reported in the respective deliverables.

9) Other Ethical Concerns

Present, if applicable, other ethical concerns that need to be addressed (for example, unintended uses of an application, findings unrelated to the study goals etc.).

Other potential ethical concerns that need to be addressed is the misuse of results of new tool development projects within the organisations, using them (by employees) or by criminals, who could provide themselves illegal access to the tools. In order to mitigate these concerns it is important to train all directly affected groups of people, protect the information and inform all directly and indirectly affected stakeholders about potential threats.

Please find the WIP version of Ethics Assessment Template below:





| Audit and supervision coverage | | | | <u>Controls</u> |
|-------------------------------------|---|---------------|-----------------------------|--|
| class | sub-class | Rating scale | [S/P/O] | Assertion / question |
| | | [FA/LA/PA/NA] | - EACTDA secretariat member | |
| | | | (S) | |
| | | | - new tool development | |
| | | | project | |
| | | | coordinator/participant (P) | |
| | • | v | - other (O) ,T | · · |
| Fundamental rights | Solidarity and Subsidiarity | FA | | The Tools4LEAs project provides a working environment that fosters solidarity between Tools4LEAs participants coming from different Member States. |
| Fundamental rights | Solidarity and Subsidiarity | FA | | The Tools4LEAs project provides a working environment that fosters solidarity between Tools4LEAs beneficiary organisations. |
| Fundamental rights | Solidarity and Subsidiarity | LA | | The Tools4LEAs beneficiary organisations share proportionally, or at least reciprocally, in the benefits, burdens, and risks of collaboration in the project. (assertion under revision) |
| Fundamental rights | Solidarity and Subsidiarity | FA | | The Tools4LEAs project provides a working environment that fosters team orientation, mutual respect, and openness for different views and approaches. |
| Fundamental rights | Freedom and Privacy | LA | | The Tools4LEAs project provides a working environment that fosters compliance with privacy-related laws and regulations, as well as foster privacy-related ethical standards. |
| Fundamental rights | Freedom and Privacy | FA | | The Tools4LEAs project provides a working environment that does not unduly restrict the professional autonomy of Tools4LEAs participants. |
| Fundamental rights | Policies, Standards, Procedures, and Guidelines | LA | | The Tools4LEAs project provides the necessary and sufficient policies, standards, procedures, and guidelines, related to fundamental human rights issues. |
| | | | | https://www.citizensinformation.ie/en/government_in_ireland/european_government/eu_law/charter_of_fundamental_rights.html#I52ea8 |
| | | | | |
| Privacy - PII | GDPR requirements | FA | | In the scope of the new tool development project that I lead, GDPR legal requirements are well understood by the project participants. |
| Privacy - PII | GDPR requirements | LA | | In the scope of the new tool development project that I lead, technical and organizational measures to ensure data protection were designed and are being implemented for all processing activities. |
| Privacy - PII | Awareness and engagement | FA | | in the scope of the new tool development project that I lead, generic privacy requirements and concerns were formally presented and discussed in a formal venue or procedure (telco, meeting, conference, workshop, or other effective |
| Privacy - PII | Legal capabilities and competency | FA | | I understand the legal concepts of "personal data", "consent", "data breach", "profiling", and I am able to apply these concepts in the scope of the new tool development project that I lead. |
| Privacy - PII | Legal capabilities and competency | FA | | I understand the legal concepts of "pseudonymisation", "encryption", and I am able to apply these concepts in the scope of the new tool development project that I lead. |
| Privacy - PII | Legal capabilities and competency | FA | | I understand the legal concept of "high risk data processing operations" and I am able to apply this concept to assess risk to rights and freedoms of the natural person, in the scope of the new tool development project that I lead. |
| Privacy - PII | Policies, Standards, Procedures, and Guidelines | LA | | The Tools4LEAs project provides the necessary and sufficient policies, standards, procedures, and guidelines, related to privacy issues. |
| Ethics requirements | "Dual-use" ethics category | FA | | In the scope of the new tool development project that I lead, the issues of Tools4LEAs dual-use items (i.e. for both civil and military purposes) were formally presented and discussed, namely occording to the requirements of deliverable |
| Ethics requirements | "Humans" ethics category | FA | | In the scope of the new tool development project that I lead, the issues of human participation in Tools4LEAs research activities (identification, recruitment, and consent) were formally presented and discussed, namely according to the |
| Ethics requirements | Policies, Standards, Procedures, and Guidelines | FA | | The Tools4LEAs project provides the necessary and sufficient policies, standards, procedures, and guidelines, related to ethical issues. |
| Gender and diversity | Intercultural enablers | FA | | In the scope of the new tool development project that I lead, I have not encountered significant difficulties and roadblocks related to intercultural communication, understanding, and appreciation. |
| Gender and diversity | Negative discrimination | FA | | In the scope of the new tool development project that I lead, I have not encountered significant difficulties and roadblocks related to women's attraction, participation, or retention in the workplace. |
| Gender and diversity | Negative discrimination | FA | | In the scope of the new tool development project that I lead, I have not encountered significant gender stereotypes and unconscious bias, that may impact negatively organizational performance. |
| Gender and diversity | Policies, Standards, Procedures, and Guidelines | FA | | The Tools4LEAs project provides the necessary and sufficient policies, standards, procedures, and guidelines, related to gender and diversity issues. |
| Responsible research and innovation | Goal achievement | FA | | Overall, the Tools4LEAs project fosters responsible research and innovation. |
| Responsible research and innovation | Roles and empowerment | FA | | In the scope of the new tool development project tasks that I lead, I am responsible for fostering responsible research and innovation. |
| Responsible research and innovation | Roles and empowerment | FA | | In the scope of the new tool development project tasks that I lead, I feel motivated and empowered to foster responsible research and innovation. |
| Responsible research and innovation | Policies, Standards, Procedures, and Guidelines | FA | | The Tools4LEAs project provides the necessary and sufficient policies, standards, procedures, and guidelines, related to responsible research and innovation. |
| Usefulness of ELSA Audit | Promotion of RRI | FA | | Is the Final ELSA Audit useful for promoting RRI? |